

New PCT National Phase Application
Docket No. 32860-000874/US

Description

SUBSTITUTE SPECIFICATION

POWER CIRCUIT BREAKER

[0001] This application is the national phase under 35 U.S.C. § 371 of PCT International Application No. PCT/DE2003/002885 which has an International filing date of August 28, 2003, which designated the United States of America and which claims priority on German Patent Application number DE 102 51 002.4 filed October 30, 2002, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

Field of the Invention

[0002] The invention generally relates to a ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker having a withdrawable-part rack,—. In one example, it relates to one which can be arranged in a switchgear assembly by ~~means—use~~ of the withdrawable-part rack.

Background of the Invention

[0003] Power circuit breakers of the generic type are known. By arranging them in their withdrawable-part rack, they can be inserted or withdrawn in or from a switchgear assembly in a simple manner. In this case, significant importance is given to locking the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker in its withdrawable-part rack.

[0004] In particular in the case of power circuit breakers having a high short-circuit disconnection capacity, a force occurs, owing to the loop effect of the current path of the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker or of the switchgear assembly, which acts on

the power circuit breaker. This force is directed such that the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker is forced out of its withdrawable-part rack.

[0005] In particular in the case of high flowing currents (short-circuit currents), considerable forces acting on the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker occur since the force acting rises with the square of the current. If in this case the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker is not fixed in its withdrawable-part rack precisely in the line of action of this force, the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker may be subjected to a torque owing to leverage, ~~with~~. T ~~the result is~~ that ~~said~~ the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker experiences a tipping movement which leads to a relative movement between the connection pieces of the switching contacts of the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker and the contact laminations of the withdrawable-part rack.

[0006] This relative movement may lead to a separation of the switching contacts from the contact laminations, with the result that arc formation cannot be ruled out. As a result of the high flowing currents, destruction of the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker would be associated with this.

[0007] It is known to latch the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker with its withdrawable-part rack by ~~means~~ way of a latching device. In this case, retaining systems are known which are actuated by an insertion shaft or an insertion drive for the purpose of inserting the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker in the withdrawable-part rack. Such retaining systems, however, are ~~characterized by~~ typically of a complex design. Furthermore, a minimum amount of play is provided between the restraining elements of the retaining system and the withdrawable-part rack, since

only a simultaneous movement between the ~~power-breaker~~
power circuit breaker and the withdrawable-part rack
and lifting-out of the restraining systems is possible.

[0008] In addition, rigid systems are known, by means
~~of~~ which the insertion direction or the withdrawal
direction of the ~~power-breaker~~ power circuit breaker in
or out of the withdrawable-part rack can be blocked.
These systems have a relatively small, effective lever
arm, such that the high forces which occur in
particular in the case of a short-circuit cannot
reliably be absorbed.

[0009] DE 196 47 747 C1 discloses an insertable device
carrier having a latching device, ~~—~~. ~~In this case, of~~
~~which~~ a latching rod is displaced at the same time
owing to a rotation of an actuating shaft of a main
breaker, ~~said~~. ~~The~~ latching rod in turn displaces ~~ing~~ a
blocking slide, ~~with~~. ~~The~~ ~~the~~ result is that latching
of the device carrier takes place.

[0010] As a result, single-point latching of the
device carrier is achieved such that it is positioned.
However, if high forces are acting owing to high
currents flowing (short-circuit currents), the latching
rod known from DE 196 47 747 C1 forms a lever arm such
that a displacement of the device carrier. Accordingly
~~and thus, of a —power-breaker—power circuit breaker~~
from the desired latched position cannot be ruled out.
The point of engagement of the latching rod in a
latching opening ~~—~~ in a device floor in this case acts
as a pivot in order that a deflection of the latching
rod can take place.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0011] ~~An~~ embodiment of the invention ~~is—therefore~~

~~based on the~~includes an object of creating a ~~power breaker power circuit breaker of the generic type~~ which can be latched safely in its withdrawable-part rack by ~~means way of~~ a simple arrangement.

[0012] According to an embodiment of the invention, ~~an this~~ object may be achieved by a ~~power breaker power circuit breaker~~having the features mentioned in claim 1. As a result of the fact that the latching device of the ~~power breaker power circuit breaker~~ can be operated by a switching drive, in particular by a switching shaft of the power circuit breaker, it is advantageously possible to link the closure of the switching contacts of the ~~power breaker power circuit breaker~~ with the latching of the ~~power breaker power circuit breaker~~ in the withdrawable-part rack. This operative connection, which is thus almost provided, between the closed switching contacts of the ~~power breaker power circuit breaker~~ and the latching of the ~~power breaker power circuit breaker~~ in the withdrawable-part rack makes it possible to apply a restraining force on the ~~power breaker power circuit breaker~~ which is matched to the switching position of the power circuit breaker, and which holds the ~~power breaker power circuit breaker~~ securely in the desired position, even in the event of high currents flowing.

[0013] In particular, a situation is prevented in which the forces injected by the high currents force the connection pieces of the switching contacts and the contact laminations of the withdrawable-part rack apart from one another, ~~with~~. The result is that the arc formation mentioned initially can be suppressed.

~~[0014]~~ In one preferred refinement of an embodiment of the invention, provision is made for the switching shaft to ~~comprise~~ include at least one actuating

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element, ~~which~~. This element is connected to the

[0014] switching shaft such that it is fixed against rotation and by ~~means of~~ which the latching device can be brought into the latched position or the unlatched position. As a result, the actuation of the latching device is possible in a particularly simple manner.

[0015] The switching shaft of the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker in this case bears a gear or gear segment, which is arranged such that it is fixed against rotation, preferably outside of an exterior limiting structure. As a result, it is possible in a particularly simple manner to couple the switching movement of the contact arrangement to the actuation of the latching device. The switching shaft undergoes a rotary movement, which is at the same time used to actuate the latching device, for connection, i.e. for the purpose of closing the switching contacts, or for disconnection, i.e. for the purpose of opening the switching contacts, of the power circuit breaker.

[0016] In particular if, in one further ~~preferred~~ example refinement of an embodiment of the invention, the axially displaceable latching bolts have a toothed rod section which meshes with the actuating element, ~~t.~~ The rotary movement of the switching shaft can easily be converted into a lifting movement of the latching bolts. It is thus possible to lock the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker in a reliable manner.

[0017] In accordance with further ~~preferred~~ refinements of embodiments of the invention, the actuating element can be operatively connected to the latching bolt via a crank arrangement, open or closed cam disks, cable pulls, Bowden cables or the like. Irrespective of the specific design of this operative connection, the rotary movement of the switching shaft can be transferred in a simple manner to the latching movement or unlatching movement of the latching device.

~~[0018]~~ All of the Embodiments are characterized by include a robust design requiring little or no maintenance. ~~with the~~ As a result, that they are particularly suitable for being used in power circuit breakers which are subjected to relatively robust operating conditions.

~~[0020]~~ Further preferred refinements of the invention are given by the remaining features mentioned in the subclaims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

~~[0019]~~ Further advantages, features and details of the invention will become evident from the description of illustrated example embodiments given hereinbelow and the accompanying drawings, which are given by way of illustration only and thus are not limitative of the present invention, wherein:

~~The invention will be explained in more detail below in exemplary embodiments with reference to the associated drawings, in which:~~

figure 1 shows a schematic view of a power circuit breaker;

figure 2 shows a schematic plan view of a first embodiment of a latching device of the power circuit breaker; and

figure 3 shows a second embodiment of a latching device.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

~~[0020]~~ Figure 1 shows a schematic illustration of a power breaker power circuit breaker 10, for reasons of clarity details being omitted from the illustration. In

accordance with the illustration, the ~~power-breaker~~
power circuit breaker is, for example, a three-pole
power breaker.

[0021] The ~~power-breaker~~ power circuit breaker 10
~~comprises~~ includes a switching shaft 12, by ~~means of~~
which movable switching contacts of the ~~power-breaker~~
power circuit breaker 10 can be guided towards fixed
switching contacts (closed position) or away from ~~said~~
the switching contacts (open position). For this
purpose, the switching shaft 12 can be rotated about
its longitudinal axis in a corresponding angular range
by a drive arrangement (not shown).

[0022] The ~~power-breaker~~ power circuit breaker 10 can
be arranged in a switchgear assembly (not shown) by
~~means~~ way of a withdrawable-part rack 14 which is
merely indicated.

~~[0024]~~ The switching shaft 12 is extended beyond
lateral structural elements 16, for example retaining
and accommodating frames, and bears there, on both
sides, a latching device which is given the overall
designation 18.

~~[0025]~~

[0023] The design and operation of the latching
device 18 will be explained in more detail with
reference to figure 2.

[0024] The latching device 18 ~~comprises~~ includes an
actuating element 20, which is arranged such that it is
fixed against rotation on the switching shaft 12 and
which interacts with a latching bolt 22. The latching
bolt 22 is arranged such that it can be displaced
axially and is guided, for example by means of guide
rollers 24.

[0025] The actuating element 20 is formed by a gear segment 26, which has an associated toothed rod section 28 of the latching bolt 22. The gear segment 26 and toothed rod section 28 are in meshing engagement with each other.

[0026] The latching device 18 illustrated in figures 1 and 2 has the following operation:

[0027] When the switching shaft 12 is actuated for the purpose of closing the switching contacts of the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker 10, ~~said the~~ switching shaft is rotated about its axis of rotation 30, as shown in the illustration in figure 2 in the counterclockwise direction. As a result, the actuating element 20, which is connected to ~~the~~ the switching shaft 12 such that it is fixed against rotation, experiences an identical rotary movement. As a result of the fact that the actuating element 20 meshes with the latching bolt 22, the latching bolt 22 experiences a lifting movement which is directed in the direction of the arrow 32.

[0028] As a result, the latching bolt 22 engages in a corresponding opening 34 in the withdrawable-part rack 14. For the purpose of inserting the latching bolt 22 precisely in the opening 34, ~~said the~~ latching bolt 22 may have a conical tip 35.

[0029] It becomes apparent that the switching movement of the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker 10 ~~is~~ may be transferred in a simple manner to the actuation of the latching device 18 via the switching shaft 12. ~~This means that~~ Thus, when the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker 10 is connected, the latching device 18 ~~is~~ may be automatically moved over into the latched position. The ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker 10 is thus in

any case secure during its connected state.

[0030] In this case, a controlled movement of the latching device 18 takes place such that it is already latched before primary arcing contact of the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker 10 is effective. This ensures that the locking has already reliably taken place even in this connected state of the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker 10.

[0031] Unlatching of the latching device 18 takes place in analogous fashion by opening the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker 10. In this case, in turn the switching shaft 12 experiences an opposite rotary movement about the axis of rotation 30, in accordance with the illustration in figure 2), in the clockwise direction. The correspondingly resulting rotary movement of the actuating element 20 is transferred to the latching bolt 22, with the result that ~~said the~~ latching bolt 22 is lowered in opposition to the lifting movement 32, with the result that the latching bolt 22 is moved out of engagement with the opening 34.

[0032] As indicated in figure 2, the actuating element 20 has associated with it a further latching bolt 22' which is arranged diametrically opposite the latching bolt 22. The design and operation of the latching bolt 22' corresponds to those of the latching bolt 22. Owing to the diametrically opposite arrangement, in the case of a lifting movement 32 of the latching bolt 22, the latching bolt 22' experiences a lifting movement 32' in the opposite direction. This makes it possible at the same time to latch the ~~power breaker~~ power circuit breaker 10 both in an upper section and in a lower section of the withdrawable-part rack 14.

[0033] In the case of two latching devices 18 being provided, there is thus a total of four latching points. These latching points ensure secure positioning of the ~~power-breaker~~ power circuit breaker 10 in its withdrawable-part rack which takes place even in the event of high currents and which is resistant to the action of high forces. Relative movements of connection pieces (not illustrated in any more detail) of the switching contacts and contact laminations of the withdrawable-part rack in relation to one another can thus be prevented.

[0034] Figure 3 shows a modified embodiment of the latching device 18. In this case, figure 3a shows the unlatched position, and figure 3b shows the latched position. Identical parts to those in the preceding figures are provided with identical reference numerals and will not be explained again.

[0035] In contrast to the exemplary embodiment shown in figures 1 and 2, the actuating element 20 is in this case in the form of a crank arrangement 36, which interacts with a corresponding link guide 38 of the latching bolts 22 and 22', respectively. This also makes it possible, in a simple manner, for the rotary movement of the switching shaft 12 to be converted into the lifting movement 32 of the latching bolts 22 and 22'.

[0036] The actuating element 20 has associated with it two diametrically opposite latching bolts 22 and 22', respectively. Here too, an actuating element 20, in the form of a twin-crank arrangement, interacts with link guides 38 of the in this case two latching bolts 22 and 22'.

[0037] Exemplary embodiments being thus described,
it will be obvious that the same may be varied in many
ways. Such variations are not to be regarded as a
departure from the spirit and scope of the present
invention, and all such modifications as would be
obvious to one skilled in the art are intended to be
included within the scope of the following claims.